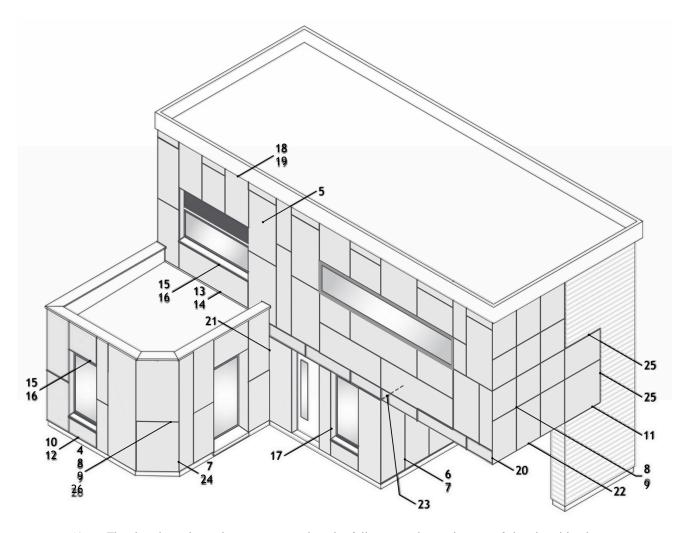


EQUITONE Exposed Fastener Using Vertical Girt Systems on Steel Stud Construction Details



Note: The detail numbers above correspond to the following index and pages of this detail book.

DISCLAIMER: These details are provided as a guideline for proper panel and associated component installation, and are based on industry accepted practices. Location of vapor barriers, insulation, and associated flashings and sealants in these details are based on ventilated rainscreen design practices for most U.S climatic Zones. (Primary vapor placed on the "warm" side of the insulation layer. Contact EQUITONE technical services for specific projects located in areas in extreme climate zones that may require modifications to these details. All structural and subframe supports are not by EQUITONE are shown to ensure TZ the contents of this publication are accurate, ETEX, SA/NV Group, and subsidiary companies do not accept responsibility for errors or for information, TZ is Found to be misleading. Suggestions for, or description of, the end use of application of products or methods of working are for information only and ETEX, SA/NV limited and its subsidiaries accept no liability in respect thereof.



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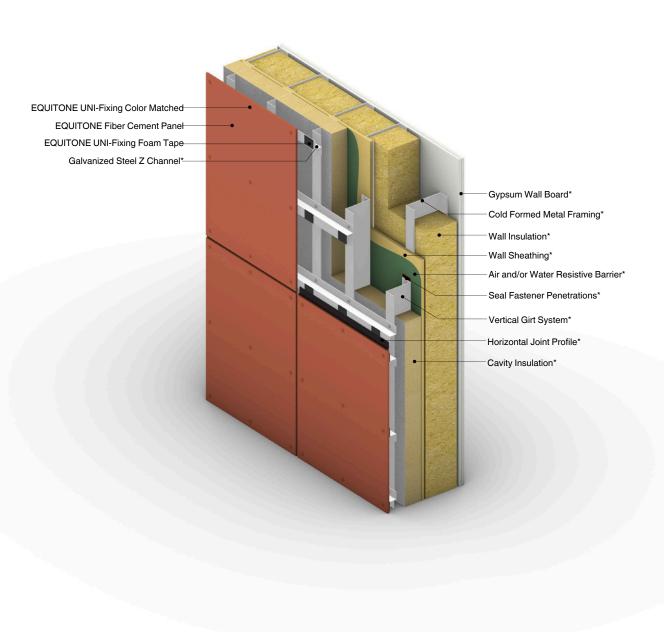


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THESE DETAILS ARE PROVIDED AS A GUIDELINE FOR PROPER PANEL AND ASSOCIATED COMPONENT INSTALLATION, AND ARE BASED ON INDUSTRY ACCEPTED PRACTICES. LOCATION OF VAPOR BARRIERS, INSULATION AND ASSOCIATED FLASHINGS AND SEALANTS IN THESE DETAILS ARE BASED ON VENTILATED RAINSCREEN DESIGN PRACTICES FOR MOST U.S. CLIMACTIC ZONES. (THE PRIMARY VAPOR PLACED ON THE "WARM" SIDE OF THE INSULATION LAYER. CONTACT EQUITONE TECHNICAL SERVICES FOR SPECIFIC PROJECTS LOCATED IN AREAS IN EXTREME CLIMATE ZONES. WHICH MAY REQUIRE MODIFICATIONS TO THESE DETAILS, ALL STRUCTURAL AND SUBFRAME SUPPORTS ARE NOT BY EQUITONE AND ARE SHOWN FOR CLARIFICATION PURPOSES ONLY. TO ENSURE YOU ARE VIEWING THE MOST RECENT AND ACCUPATE PRODUCT APPLICATION GUIDE WWW. EQUITONE.COM. CARE HAS BEEN TAKEN TO ENSURE TZ THE CONTENTS OF THIS PUBLICATION ARE ACCUPATE, ETEX, SANV GROUP AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES DO NOT ACCEPT RESPONSIBILITY FOR ERRORS OR FOR INFORMATION TZ IS FOUND TO BE MISLEADING. SUGGESTIONS FOR, OR DESCRIPTION OF, THE END USE OR APPLICATION OF PRODUCTS OR METHODS OF WORKING ARE FOR INFORMATION ONLY AND ETEX, SA'NV LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES ACCEPT NO LIABILITY IN RESPECT THEREOF

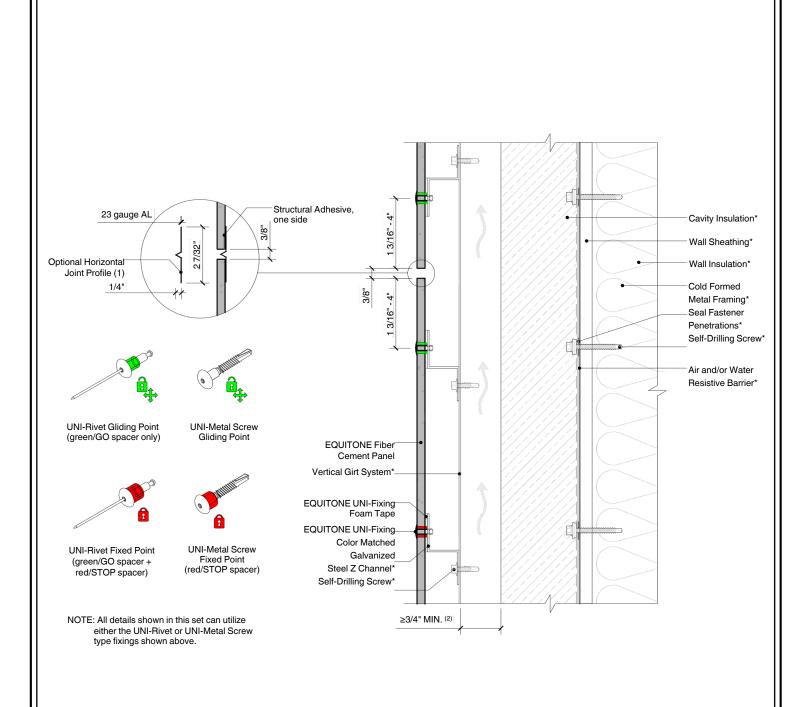


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3D ASSEMBLY **DETAIL**



- Flashing used to close the joints may not be thicker as 1/32 in (23 gauge), including the thickness of any fastener heads. Closing the horizontal joints may require additional ventilation allowances. Inlet/Outlet, air cavity, and closure perforation sizing should be modified, from those expressed herein, depending upon building height and/or local legislation. Visit the Planning and Application Guide Face Fixing to Metal for additional information.

 (*) symbol represents materials not supplied by EQUITONE.



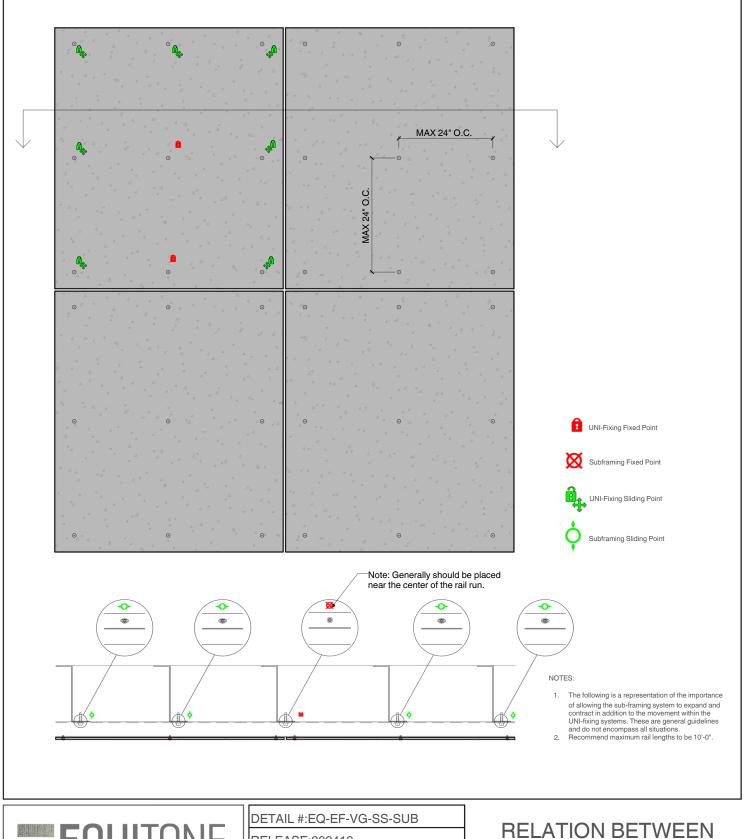
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RELATION BETWEEN FIXED AND SLIDING POINTS



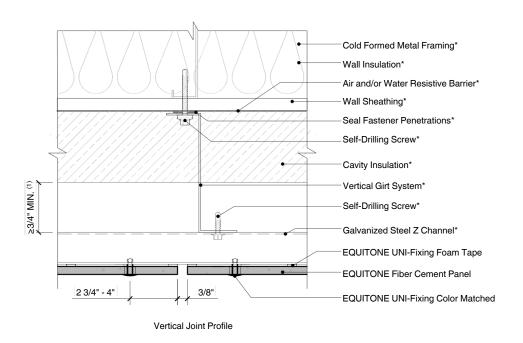


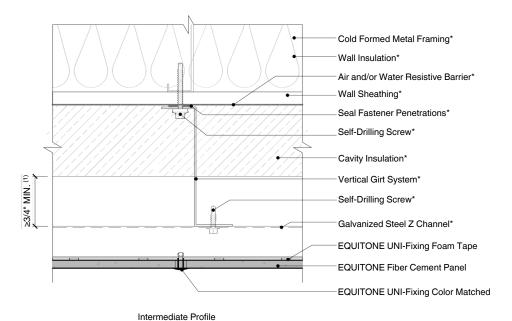
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RELATION BETWEEN
SUB-FRAMING AND PANEL
EXPANSION POINTS





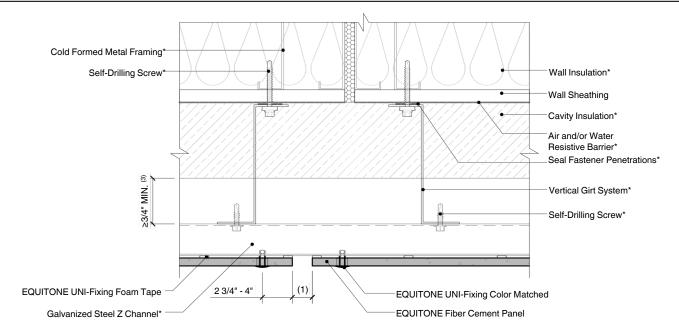
- Inlet/Outlet, air cavity, and closure perforation sizing should be modified, from those expressed herein, depending upon building height and/or local legislation. Visit the Planning and Application Guide Face Fixing to
- Metal for additional information.

 (*) symbol represents materials not supplied by EQUITONE.

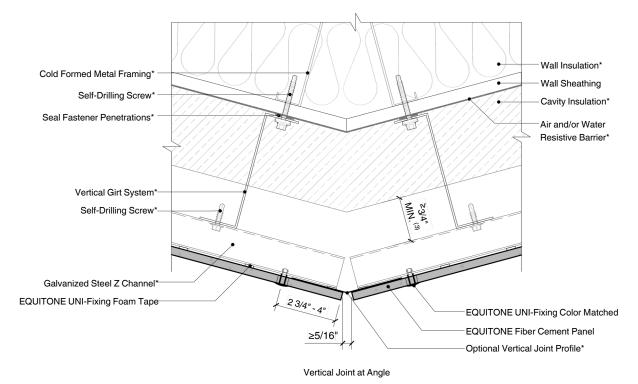


DETAIL #:EQ-EF-VG-SS-VP RELEASE:202412 REGION:NORTH AMERICA WWW.EQUITONE.COM

VERTICAL PROFILE DETAILS



Vertical Control Joint

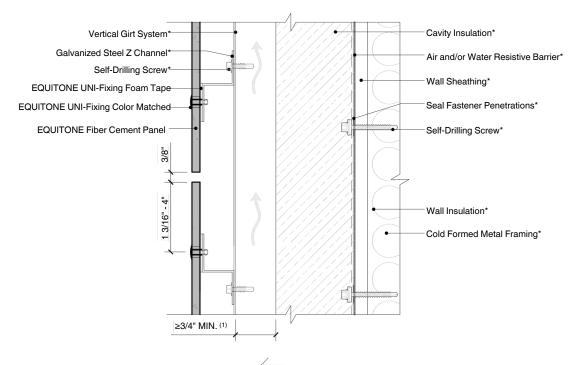


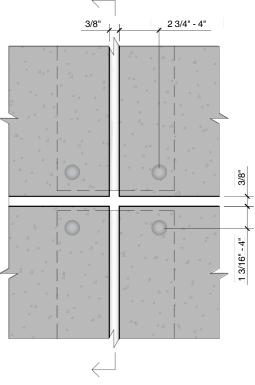
- The width of the the facade control joint should be equal or greater than the building control joint.
 Flashing used to close the joints may not be thicker as 1/32 in (23 gauge), including the thickness of any fastener heads.
 Intel/Outlet, air cavity, and closure perforation sizing should be modified, from those expressed herein, depending upon building height and/or local legislation. Visit the Planning and Application Guide Face Fixing to Metal for additional information.
- (*) symbol represents materials not supplied by EQUITONE



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VERTICAL JOINT DETAILS





- Inlet/Outlet, air cavity, and closure perforation sizing should be modified, from those expressed herein, depending upon building height and/or local legislation. Visit the Planning and Application Guide Face Fixing to Metal for additional information.

 (*) symbol represents materials not supplied by EQUITONE.



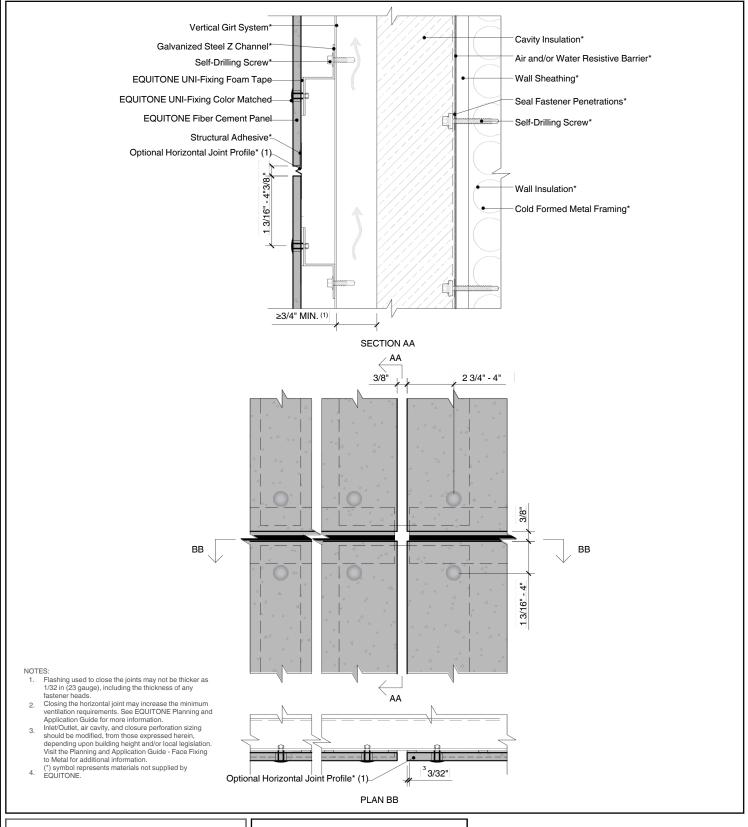
DETAIL #:EQ-EF-VG-SS-OHJ

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OPEN HORIZONTAL JOINT DETAILS



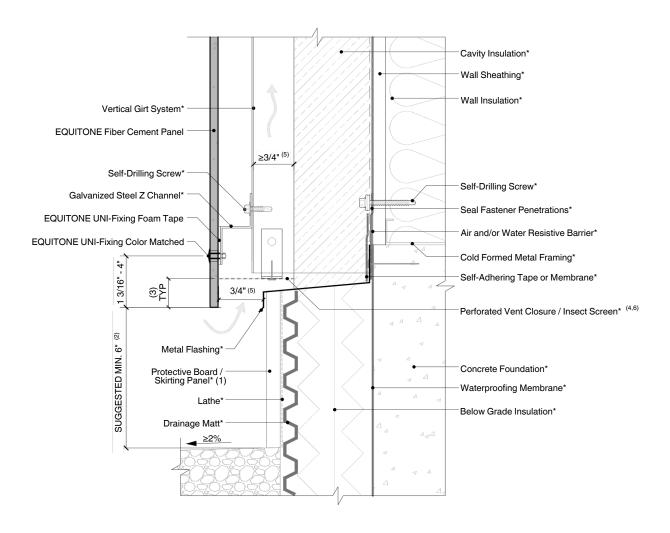


DETAIL #:EQ-EF-VG-SS-CHJ RELEASE:202412

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BAFFLED HORIZONTAL JOINT DETAILS



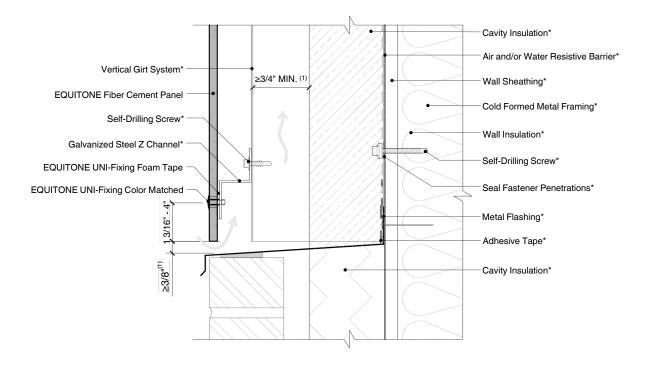
- 1. The skirting board could be concrete, natural stone, render, metal flashing, etc.
 2.A smaller ground clearance is possible, but it may increase the risk of water marks and panel staining caused by splash back.
 3. The facade panel should preferably overhang more than 3/8 in below the ventilation profile to create a drip edge.
 4.All closures, trims, screens, etc. should be held off the back of the panel by at least 1/16 inch.
- 5.Inlet/Outlet, air cavity, and closure perforation sizing should be modified, from those expressed herein, depending upon building height and/or local legislation. Visit the Planning and Application Guide Face Fixing to Metal for additional information.
- 6.When the inlet/outlet is wider than 3/4 inch continuous, a perforated closure is recommended to prevent debris build up. The perforation pattern should allow the same volume of air to pass through as the specified continuous open joint size specified in EQUITONE guidelines.
- 7.Where a perforated closure is not obstructing the inlet/outlet, the opening should be a minimum of 3/8 inch continuous 8.(*) symbol represents materials not supplied by EQUITONE.



DETAIL #:EQ-EF-VG-SS-BGL RELEASE:202412 REGION: NORTH AMERICA

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BASE DETAIL -GROUND LEVEL



NOTES

1.Inlet/Outlet, air cavity, and closure perforation sizing should be modified, from those expressed herein, depending upon building height and/or local legislation. Visit the Planning and Application Guide - Face Fixing to Metal for additional information.

2.(*) symbol represents materials not supplied by EQUITONE.



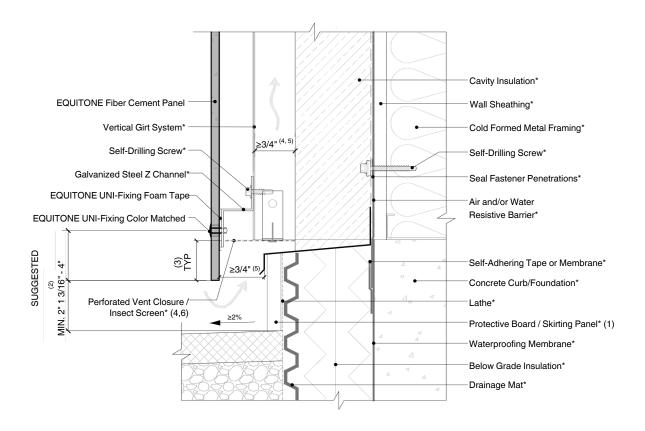
DETAIL #:EQ-EF-VG-SS-BOM

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BASE DETAIL - JUNCTION WITH OTHER FACADE MATERIAL DETAIL



- 1.The skirting board could be concrete, natural stone, render, metal flashing, etc.
 2.A smaller ground clearance is possible, but it may increase the risk of water marks and panel staining caused by splash back.
 3.The facade panel should preferably overhang more than 3/8 in. below the ventilation profile to create a drip edge.
- 4.All closures, trims, screens, etc. should be held off the back of the panel by at least 1/16 inch.
 5.Inlet/Outlet, air cavity, and closure perforation sizing should be modified, from those expressed herein, depending upon building height and/or local legislation. Visit the Planning and Application Guide Face Fixing to Metal for additional information.
- 6.When the inlet/outlet is wider than 3/4 inch continuous, a perforated closure is recommended to prevent debris build up. The perforation pattern should allow the same volume of air to pass through as the specified continuous open joint size specified in EQUITONE guidelines.

 7. Where a perforated closure is not obstructing the inlet/outlet, the opening should be a minimum of 3/8 inch continuous.

 8.(*) symbol represents materials not supplied by EQUITONE.



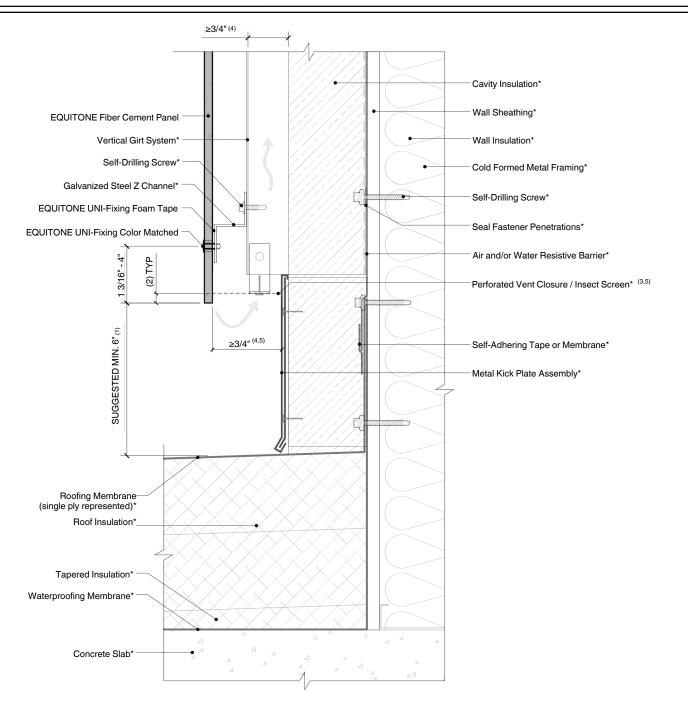
DETAIL #:EQ-EF-VG-SS-BCA

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BASE DETAIL -COVERED AREA



- 1.A smaller ground clearance is possible, but it may increase the risk of water marks and panel staining caused by splash back

- 2. The facade panel should preferably overhang more than 3/8 in below the ventilation profile to create a drip edge.

 3. All closures, trims, screens, etc. should be held off the back of the panel by at least 1/16 inch.

 4. Inlet/Outlet, air cavity, and closure perforation sizing should be modified, from those expressed herein, depending upon building height and/or local legislation. Visit the Planning and Application Guide Face Fixing to Metal for additional information.

 5. When the inlet/outlet is wider than 3/4 inch continuous, a perforated closure is recommended to prevent debris build up. The perforation pattern should allow the same volume of air to pass through as the
- specified continuous open joint size specified in EQUITONE guidelines.

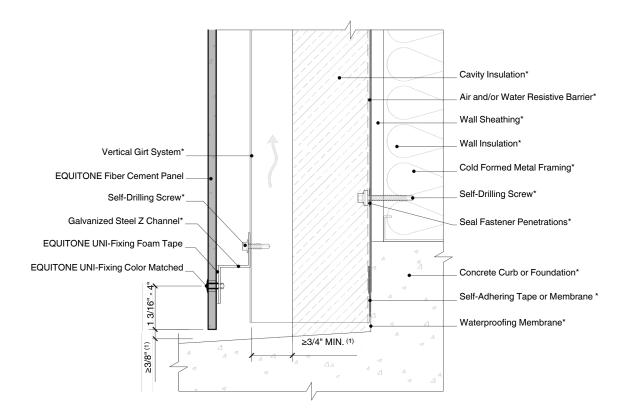
 6. Where a perforated closure is not obstructing the inlet/outlet, the opening should be a minimum of 3/8 inch continuous.

 7. (*) symbol represents materials not supplied by EQUITONE.



DETAIL #:EQ-EF-VG-SS-BFR RELEASE:202412 REGION: NORTH AMERICA WWW.EQUITONE.COM

BASE DETAIL -FLAT ROOF



1. Inlet/Outlet, air cavity, and closure perforation sizing should be modified, from those expressed herein, depending upon building height and/or local legislation. Visit the Planning and Application Guide - Face Fixing to Metal for additional information.

2.(*) symbol represents materials not supplied by EQUITONE.



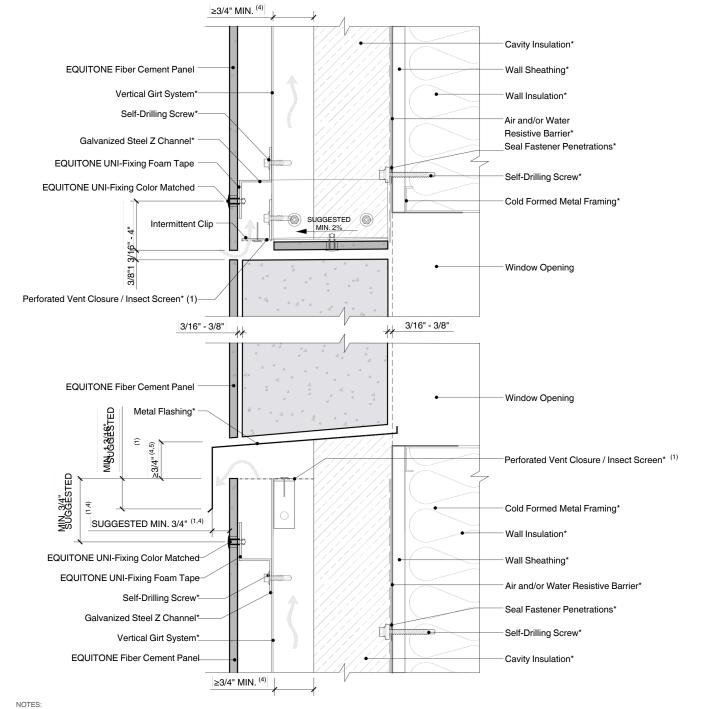
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BASE DETAIL -BALCONY



- A smaller overlap or offset is possible, but it may increase the risk of water marks and panel staining caused by runoff. Smaller capping is also more prone to wind driven rain entering the cavity. At minimum, EQUITONE's
- A smaller overlap or offset is possible, but it may increase the risk of water make and pance standing dates of the ventilation guidelines must be followed.

 The facade panel should preferably overhang more than 3/8 inch below the ventilation profile to create a drip edge.

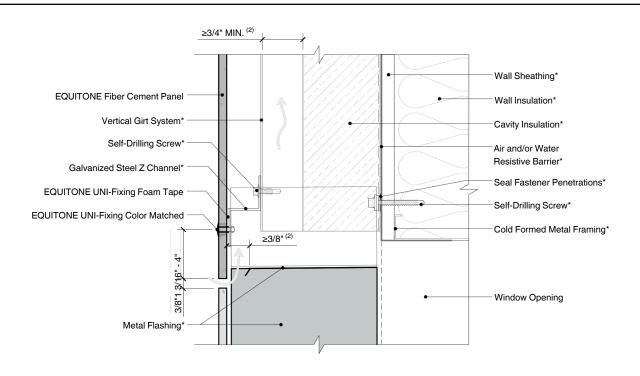
 All closures, trims, screens, etc. should be held off the back of the panel by at least 1/16 inch.

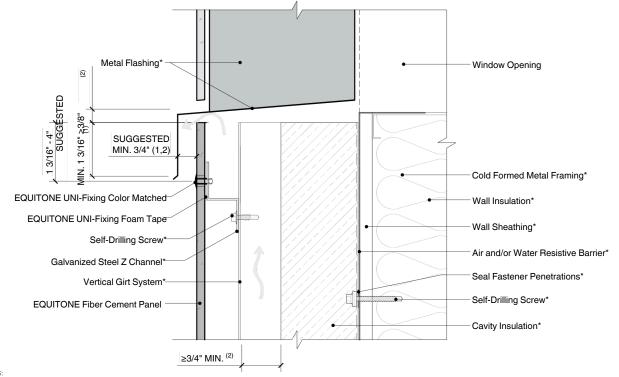
 Inlet/Outlet, air cavity, and closure perforation sizing should be modified, from those expressed herein, depending upon building height and/or local legislation. Visit the Planning and Application Guide Face Fixing to Metal
- When the inlet/outlet is wider than 3/4 inch continuous, a perforated closure is recommended to prevent debris build up. The perforation pattern should allow the same volume of air to pass through as the specified continuous open joint size specified in EQUITONE guidelines.
- Where a perforated closure is not obstructing the inlet/outlet, the opening should be a minimum of 3/8 inch continuous (*) symbol represents materials not supplied by EQUITONE.



DETAIL #:EQ-EF-VG-SS-WHS1 RELEASE:202412 REGION: NORTH AMERICA WWW.EQUITONE.COM

WINDOW HEAD AND SILL DETAILS -**OPTION 1**





- A smaller overlap or offset is possible, but it may increase the risk of water marks and panel staining caused by runoff. Smaller capping is also more prone to wind driven rain entering the cavity. At minimum, EQUITONE's ventilation guidelines must be followed.

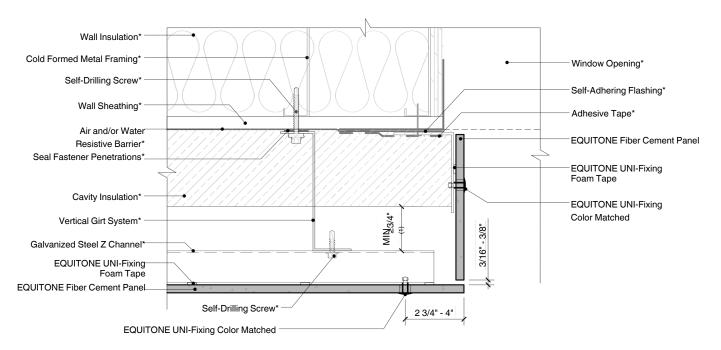
 Inlet/Outlet, air cavity, and closure perforation sizing should be modified, from those expressed herein, depending upon building height and/or local legislation. Visit the Planning and Application Guide Face Fixing to Metal for additional information

 (*) symbol represents materials not supplied by EQUITONE.

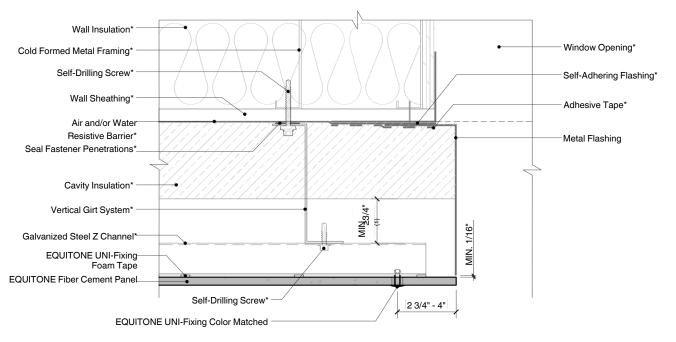


DETAIL #:EQ-EF-VG-SS-WHS2 RELEASE:202412 REGION: NORTH AMERICA WWW.EQUITONE.COM

WINDOW HEAD AND SILL DETAILS -**OPTION 2**



Jamb Detail - Option 1



Jamb Detail - Option 2

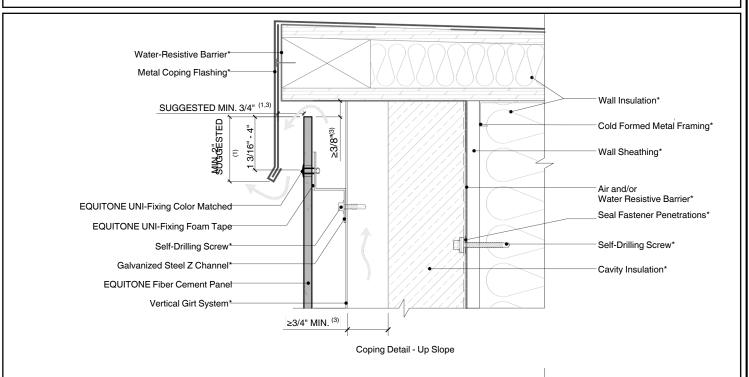
- Inlet/Outlet, air cavity, and closure perforation sizing should be modified, from those expressed herein, depending upon building height and/or local legislation. Visit the Planning and Application Guide Face Fixing to Metal for additional information.

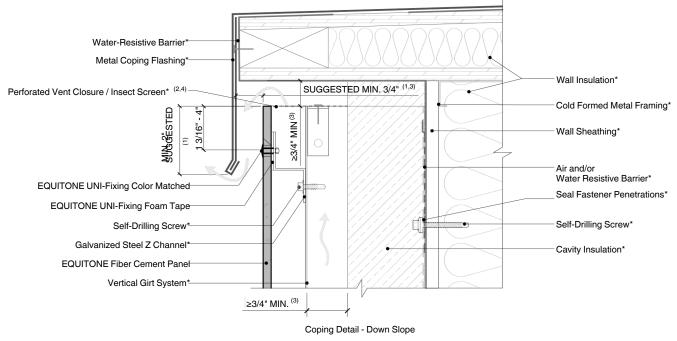
 (*) symbol represents materials not supplied by EQUITONE.



DETAIL #:EQ-EF-VG-SS-WJ	
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JAMB DETAIL **OPTIONS**





- As maller overlap or offset is possible, but it may increase the risk of water marks and panel staining caused by runoff. Smaller capping is also more prone to wind driven rain entering the cavity. At minimum, EQUITONE's ventilation guidelines must be followed.

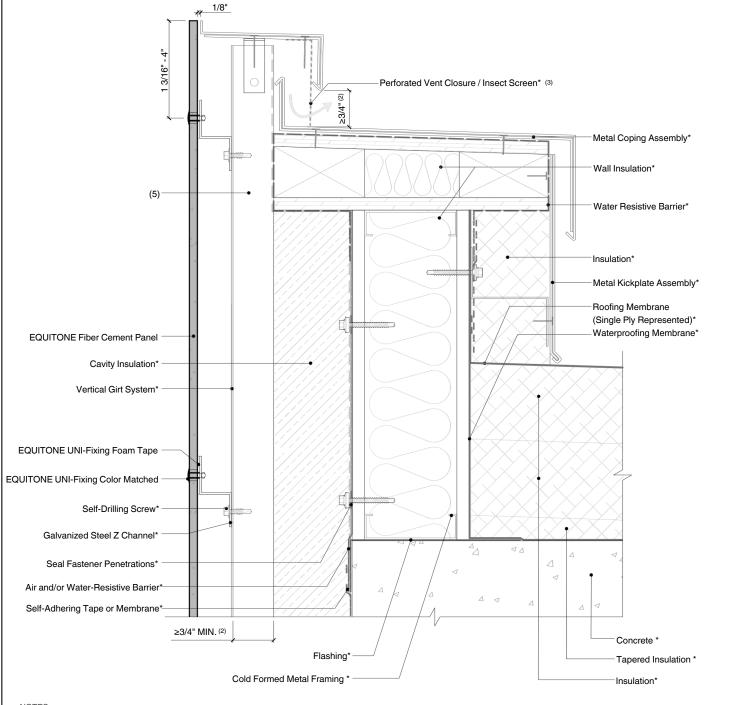
 2.All closures, trims, screens, etc. should be held off the back of the panel by at least 1/16 inch.

 3.Inlet/Outlet, air cavity, and closure perforation sizing should be modified, from those expressed herein, depending upon building height and/or local legislation. Visit the Planning and Application Guide Face Fixing to Metal
- for additional information.
- 4. When the inlet/outlet is wider than 3/4 inch continuous, a perforated closure is recommended to prevent debris build up. The perforation pattern should allow the same volume of air to pass through as the specified continuous open joint size specified in EQUITONE guidelines.
- 5. Where a perforated closure is not obstructing the inlet/outlet, the opening should be a minimum of 3/8 inch continuous
- 6.(*) symbol represents materials not supplied by EQUITONE.



DETAIL #:EQ-EF-VG-SS-C1 RELEASE:202412 REGION: NORTH AMERICA WWW.EQUITONE.COM

COPING DETAIL -OPTION 1



NOTES:

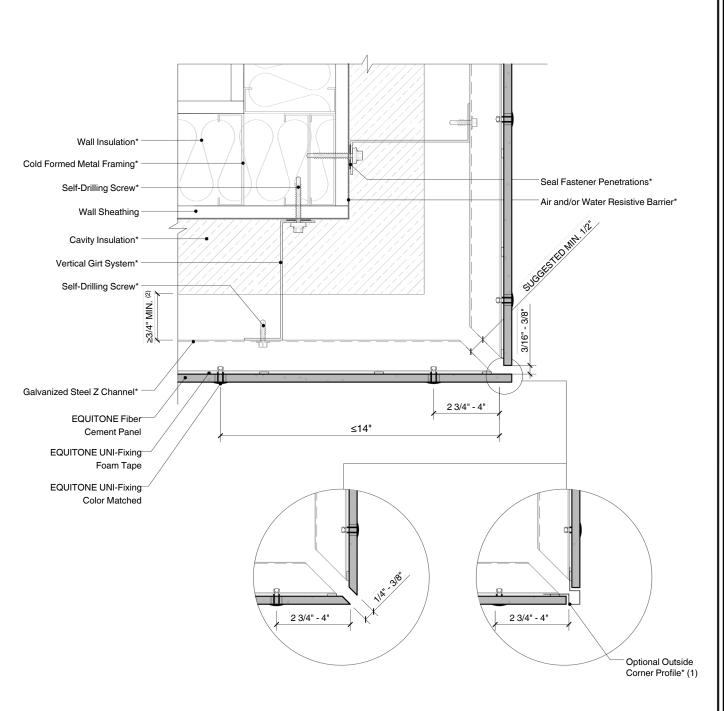
- 1. The following transition from roof to parapet is valid for parapets under 24" in height. Otherwise see detail EQ-EF-VG-SS-BFR.
- 2. Inlet/outlet, air cavity, and closure perforation sizing will vary, from those expressed herein, depending upon the distance between inlet/outlet or local legislation. Visit the Planning and Application Guide Face Fixing to Metal for additional information.
- 3. When the inlet/outlet is wider than 3/4 inch continuous, a perforated closure is recommended to prevent debris build up. The perforation pattern should allow the same volume of air to pass through as the specified continuous open joint size specified in EQUITONE guidelines.
- 4. Where a perforated closure is not obstructing the inlet/outlet, the opening should be a minimum of 3/8 inch continuous
- 5. Reduced section of the support profiles must be taken into account during static calculations.
- (*) symbol represents materials not supplied by EQUITONE.



DETAIL #:EQ-EF-VG-SS-C2
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COPING DETAIL -OPTION 2



- Flashing used to close the joints may not be thicker as 1/32 in (23 gauge), including the thickness of any fastener heads.

 Inlet/outlet, air cavity, and closure perforation sizing will vary, from those expressed herein, depending upon the distance between inlet/outlet or local legislation. Visit the Planning and Application Guide Face Fixing to Metal for additional information.

 (*) symbol represents materials not supplied by EQUITONE.



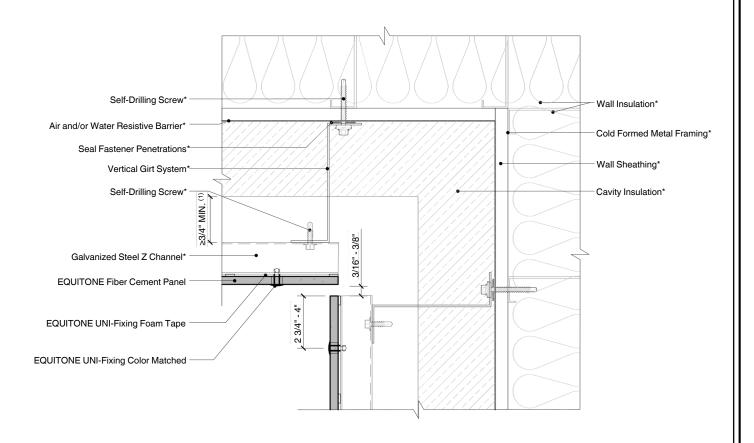
DETAIL #:EQ-EF-VG-SS-OC

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OUTSIDE CORNER DETAIL



- Inlet/outlet, air cavity, and closure perforation sizing will vary, from those expressed herein, depending upon the distance between inlet/outlet or local legislation. Visit the Planning and Application Guide Face Fixing to Metal for additional information.

 (*) symbol represents materials not supplied by EQUITONE.



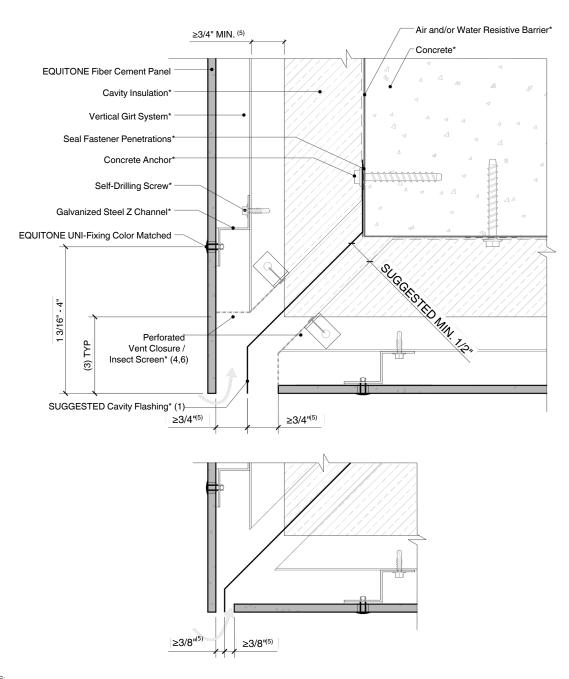
DETAIL #:EQ-EF-VG-SS-IC

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INSIDE CORNER DETAIL



- For soffit conditions, rivet spacing should be limited to 16 inch on center and should be confirmed through project engineering.

 The following could also be detailed without a through wall flashing, but it may increase the risk of water marks and efflorescence on the face of the soffit panel material. At minimum, EQUITONE's ventilation guidelines must be followed.
- The facade panel should preferably overhang more than 3/8 inch below ventilation profile to create a drip edge.
 All closures, trims, screens, etc. should be held off the back of the panel by at least 1/16 inch.
 Inlet/outlet, air cavity, and closure perforation sizing will vary, from those expressed herein, depending upon the distance between inlet/outlet or local legislation. Visit the Planning and Application Guide Face Fixing to Metal for additional information.
- When the inlet/outlet is wider than 3/4 inch continuous, a perforated closure is recommended to prevent debris build up. The perforation pattern should allow the same volume of air to pass through as the specified continuous open joint size specified in EQUITONE guidelines.

 Where a perforated closure is not obstructing the inlet/outlet, the opening should be a minimum of 3/8 inch continuous.
- (*) symbol represents materials not supplied by EQUITONE.

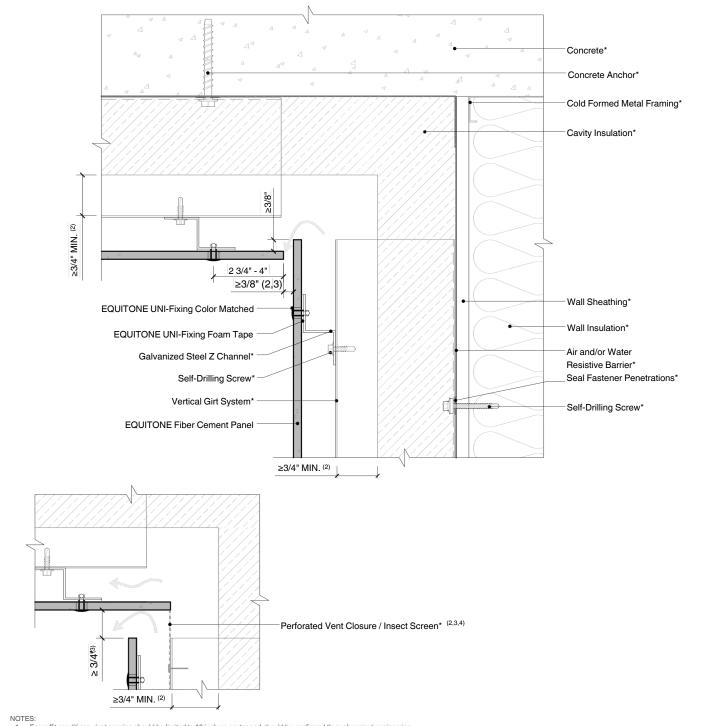


DETAIL #:EQ-EF-VG-SS-SCO RELEASE:202412

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SOFFIT / CEILING **WALL JUNCTION -OUTSIDE EDGE**



- For soffit conditions, rivet spacing should be limited to 16 inch on center and should be confirmed through project engineering.

 All closures, trims, screens, etc. should be held off the back of the panel by at least 1/16 inch.

 Inlet/outlet, air cavity, and closure perforation sizing will vary, from those expressed herein, depending upon the distance between inlet/outlet or local legislation. Visit the Planning and Application Guide Face Fixing to Metal for additional information.
- Metai for additional information. When the indivotated is wider than 3/4 inch continuous, a perforated closure is recommended to prevent debris build up. The perforation apttern should allow the same volume of air to pass through as the specified continuous open joint size specified in EQUITONE guidelines.

 Where a perforated closure is not obstructing the inlet/outlet, the opening should be a minimum of 3/8 inch continuous.

 (*) symbol represents materials not supplied by EQUITONE.

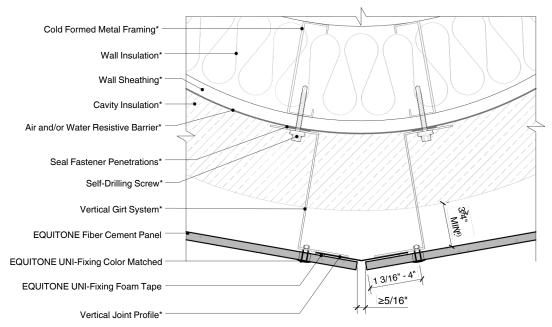


DETAIL #:EQ-EF-VG-SS-SCI RELEASE:202412

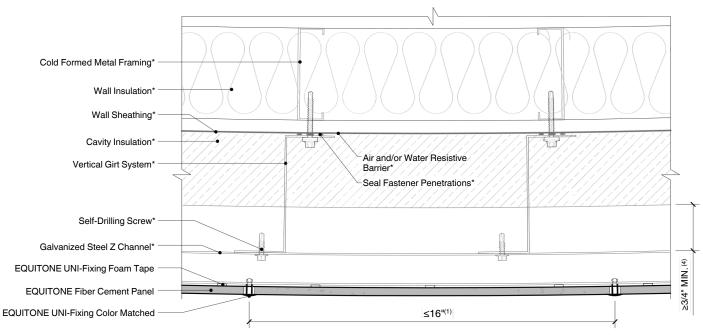
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SOFFIT / CEILING **WALL JUNCTION -INSIDE EDGE**



Segmented Facade - Radius < 39 Feet



Curved Facade - Radius ≥ 39 Feet

- The minimum an EQUITONE panel can be curved is 39ft with framing centers reduced to a maximum of 16 inch. Confirm with subframe supplier if the intended system can achieve design radius.
- For smaller radii the facade should be executed as segmented facade.
 Flashing used to close the joints may not be thicker as 1/32 in (23 gauge), including the thickness of any fastener heads
 Inlet/Outlet, air cavity, and closure perforation sizing should be modified, from those expressed herein, depending upon building height and/or local legislation. Visit the Planning and Application Guide Face Fixing to Metal for additional information.
- (*) symbol represents materials not supplied by EQUITONE.



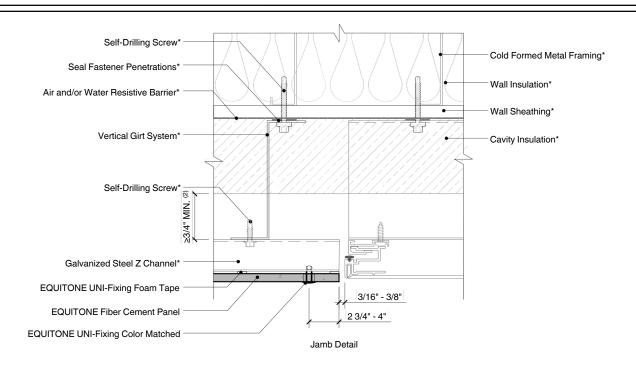
DETAIL #:EQ-EF-VG-SS-CURVE

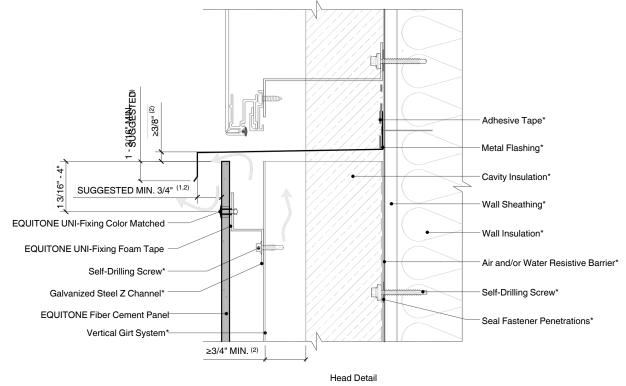
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CURVED FACADE DETAILS





NOTES

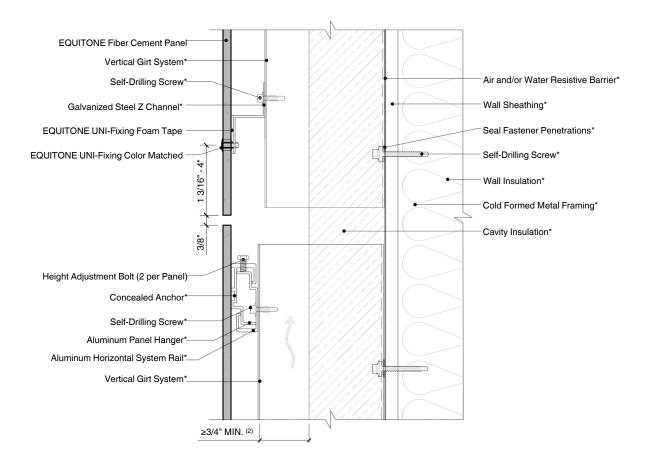
- 1.A smaller overlap or offset is possible, but it may increase the risk of water marks and panel staining caused by runoff. Smaller capping is also more prone to wind driven rain entering the cavity. At minimum, EQUITONE's ventilation guidelines must be followed.
- 2.Inlet/Outlet, air cavity, and closure perforation sizing should be modified, from those expressed herein, depending upon building height and/or local legislation. Visit the Planning and Application Guide Face Fixing to Metal for additional information.
- Metal for additional information.
 3.(*) symbol represents materials not supplied by EQUITONE



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JUNCTION WITH OTHER FACADE MATERIAL DETAILS



- NOTES.

 1. The ventilation path must be maintained between varying systems to allow clear vertical air flow.

 2. Inlet/outlet, air cavity, and closure perforation sizing will vary, from those expressed herein, depending upon the distance between inlet/outlet or local legislation. Visit the Planning and Application Guide Face Fixing to Metal for additional information.
- 3.(*) symbol represents materials not supplied by EQUITONE



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EXPOSED FASTENER -CONCEALED FASTENER JUNCTION



General Information

This document provides genericconstruction details for EQUITONE façade systems with exposed fasteners to assist with the design of the EQUITONE façade.

This document is not designed to serve as an installation guide and is intended to be used in conjunction with the relevant EQUITONE Planning and Application Guide and other technical and installation documents. The details included in this document only illustrate general principles for detailing EQUITONE at different typical interfaces and are not to be relied upon for weatherproofing and fire safety compliance with local regulations. The weatherproofing and fire performance of any project-specific detail or application shall be evaluated by the project engineer or consultant.

Any components related to wind barriers, fire safety, moisture management, and weatherproofing include but are not limited to membranes, flashing, water seals and sealants, airtightness tapes, horizontal and/or vertical fire barriers, etc. will need to be applied according to local regulations, project requirements, and relevant standards.

The support frame, fixings, flashings, and the like shall be of adequate corrosion resistance appropriate to the corrosivity category of the project location.

All dimensions in this document are in inches [in] unless otherwise stated.

The information in this guide is comprehensive but not exhaustive, and the reader will need to satisfy themselves that the contents of this guide are suitable for their intended application. It is the responsibility of the project consultants (designers, architects, and engineers) to ensure that the information and details provided in this document are appropriate for the project.

The information in this document is correct at the time of issuing. However, due to our committed program of continuous material and system development, we reserve the right to amend or alter the information contained in this document without prior notice. Please visit www.equitone.com to ensure you have the most current version.

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